Low Skew, 1-to-9 Differential-to-LVHSTL Fanout Buffer

ICS8521I-03

PRODUCT DISCONTINUATION NOTICE - LAST TIME BUY EXPIRES MAY 6, 2017

DATA SHEET

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

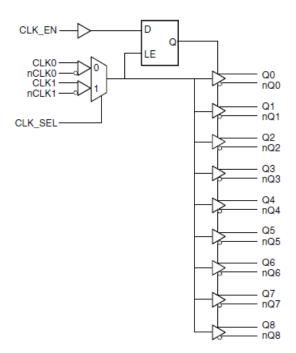
The 8521-03 is a low skew, 1-to-9 Differential-to-LVH-STL Fanout Buffer . The 8521-03 has two selectable clock inputs. Redundant clock pairs, CLK0, nCLK0 and CLK1, nCLK1 can accept most standard differential input levels. The clock enable is internally synchronized to eliminate runt pulses on the outputs during asynchronous assertion/deassertion of the clock enable pin.

Guaranteed output skew and part-to-part skew characteristics make the 8521-03 ideal for today's most advanced applications, such as IA64 and static RAMs.

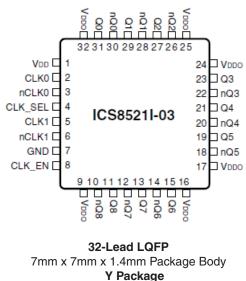
FEATURES

- 9 LVHSTL outputs
- Redundant differential CLK0, nCLK0 and CLK1, nCLK1 inputs
- CLKx, nCLKx pairs can accept the following differential input levels: LVPECL, LVDS, LVHSTL, SSTL, HCSL
- Maximum output frequency: 500MHz
- Output skew: 50ps (maximum)
- Part-to-part skew: 250ps (maximum)
- Propagation delay: 1.6ns (maximum)
- $V_{OH} = 1V$ (maximum)
- 3.3V core, 1.8V output operating supply voltages
- -40°C to 85°C ambient operating temperature

BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN ASSIGNMENT



Top View

TABLE 1. PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Number	Name	Ту	/ре	Description
1	V _{DD}	Power		Core supply pin.
2	CLK0	Input	Pulldown	Non-inverting differential clock input.
3	nCLK0	Input	Pullup	Inverting differential clock input.
4	CLK_SEL	Input	Pulldown	Clock select input. When HIGH, selects CLK1, nCLK1 inputs. When LOW, selects CLK0, nCLK0. LVTTL / LVCMOS interface levels.
5	CLK1	Input	Pulldown	Non-inverting differential clock input.
6	nCLK1	Input	Pullup	Inverting differential clock input.
7	GND	Power		Power supply ground.
8	CLK_EN	Input	Pullup	Synchronizing clock enable. When HIGH, clock outputs follow clock input. When LOW, Q outputs are forced low, nQ outputs are forced high. LVCMOS /LVTTL interface levels.
9, 16, 17, 24, 25, 32	V _{DDO}	Power		Output supply pins.
10, 11	nQ8, Q8	Output		Differential output pair. LVHSTL interface level.
12, 13	nQ7, Q7	Output		Differential output pair. LVHSTL interface level.
14, 15	nQ6, Q6	Output		Differential output pair. LVHSTL interface level.
18, 19	nQ5, Q5	Output		Differential output pair. LVHSTL interface level.
20, 21	nQ4, Q4	Output		Differential output pair. LVHSTL interface level.
22, 23	nQ3, Q3	Output		Differential output pair. LVHSTL interface level.
26, 27	nQ2, Q2	Output		Differential output pair. LVHSTL interface level.
28, 29	nQ1, Q1	Output		Differential output pair. LVHSTL interface level.
30, 31	nQ0, Q0	Output		Differential output pair. LVHSTL interface level.

NOTE: Pullup and Pulldown refer to internal input resistors. See Table 2, Pin Characteristics, for typical values.

TABLE 2. PIN CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance			4		pF
R _{PULLUP}	Input Pullup Resistor			51		KΩ
R _{PULLDOWN}	Input Pulldown Resistor			51		KΩ

TABLE 3A. CONTROL INPUT FUNCTION TABLE

	Inputs	Outputs		
CLK_EN	CLK_SEL	Selected Sourced	Q0:Q8	nQ0:nQ8
0	0	CLK0, nCLK0	Disabled; LOW	Disabled; HIGH
0	1	CLK1, nCLK1	Disabled; LOW	Disabled; HIGH
1	0	CLK0, nCLK0	Enabled	Enabled
1	1	CLK1, nCLK1	Enabled	Enabled

After CLK_EN switches, the clock outputs are disabled or enabled following a rising and falling input clock edge as shown in *Figure 1*.

In the active mode, the state of the outputs are a function of the CLKx, nCLKx inputs as described in *Table 3B*.

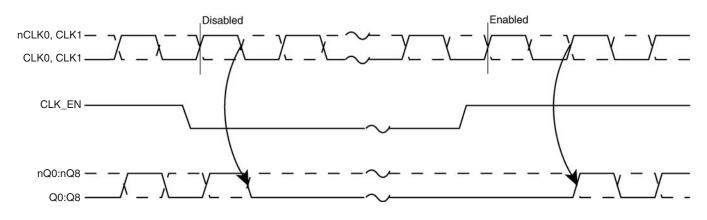


FIGURE 1. CLK_EN TIMING DIAGRAM

TABLE 3B.	CLOCK	INPUT	FUNCTION	TABLE
-----------	-------	-------	----------	-------

Inputs		Out	puts	Input to Output Mode	Polarity	
CLK0 or CLK1	nCLK0 or nCLK1	Q0:Q8	nQ0:nQ8		Foldinty	
0	1	LOW	HIGH	Differential to Differential	Non Inverting	
1	0	HIGH	LOW	Differential to Differential	Non Inverting	
0	Biased; NOTE 1	LOW	HIGH	Single Ended to Differential	Non Inverting	
1	Biased; NOTE 1	HIGH	LOW	Single Ended to Differential	Non Inverting	
Biased; NOTE 1	0	HIGH	LOW	Single Ended to Differential	Inverting	
Biased; NOTE 1	1	LOW	HIGH	Single Ended to Differential	Inverting	

NOTE 1: Please refer to the Application Information "Wiring the Differential Input to Accept Single Ended Levels".

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage, V_{DD}	4.6V
Inputs, V _I	-0.5V to $\rm V_{\rm DD}$ + 0.5 V
Outputs, V _o	-0.5V to V_{DDO} + 0.5V
Package Thermal Impedance, $\boldsymbol{\theta}_{_{JA}}$	47.9°C/W (0 lfpm)
Storage Temperature, T _{STG}	-65°C to 150°C

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics* or *AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

TABLE 4A. POWER SUPPLY DC CHARACTERISTICS	$V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$, TA = -40°C to 85°C
-------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{DD}	Core Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V _{DDO}	Output Supply Voltage		1.6	1.8	2.0	V
I _{DD}	Power Supply Current				95	mA

TABLE 4B. LVCMOS/LVTTL DC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$, Ta = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage			2		V _{DD} + 0.3	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage			-0.3		0.8	V
l _{in} In	Input High Current	CLK_EN	$V_{IN} = V_{DD} = 3.465V$			5	μA
		CLK_SEL	$V_{IN} = V_{DD} = 3.465V$			150	μA
	Input Low Current	CLK_EN	$V_{IN} = 0V, V_{DD} = 3.465V$	-150			μA
I _{IL}	Input Low Current	CLK_SEL	$V_{_{\rm IN}} = 0$ V, $V_{_{\rm DD}} = 3.465$ V	-5			μA

Table 4C. Differential DC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$, Ta = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
	I _{IH} Input High Current	CLKx	$V_{IN} = V_{DD} = 3.465V$			150	μA
ľн		nCLKx	$V_{IN} = V_{DD} = 3.465V$			5	μA
l _{iL} Ir	Input Low Current	CLKx	$V_{_{\rm IN}} = 0$ V, $V_{_{\rm DD}} = 3.465$ V	-5			μA
		nCLKx	$V_{IN} = 0V, V_{DD} = 3.465V$	-150			μA
V _{PP}	Peak-to-Peak Input Voltage			0.15		1.3	V
V _{CMR}	Common Mode Inpu NOTE 1, 2	ut Voltage;		0.5		V _{DD} - 0.85	V

NOTE 1: For single ended applications, the maximum input voltage for CLKx and nCLKx is V_{DD} + 0.3V. NOTE 2: Common mode voltage is defined as V_{H} .

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage; NOTE 1		0.7		1.0	V
V _{ol}	Output Low Voltage; NOTE 1		0		0.4	V
V _{SWING}	Peak-to-Peak Output Voltage Swing		0.4		1.0	V

TABLE 4D. LVHSTL DC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$, TA = -40°C to 85°C

NOTE 1: Outputs terminated with 50Ω to ground.

Table 5. AC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$, $V_{DDO} = 1.8V \pm 0.2V$, Ta = -40°C to 85°C

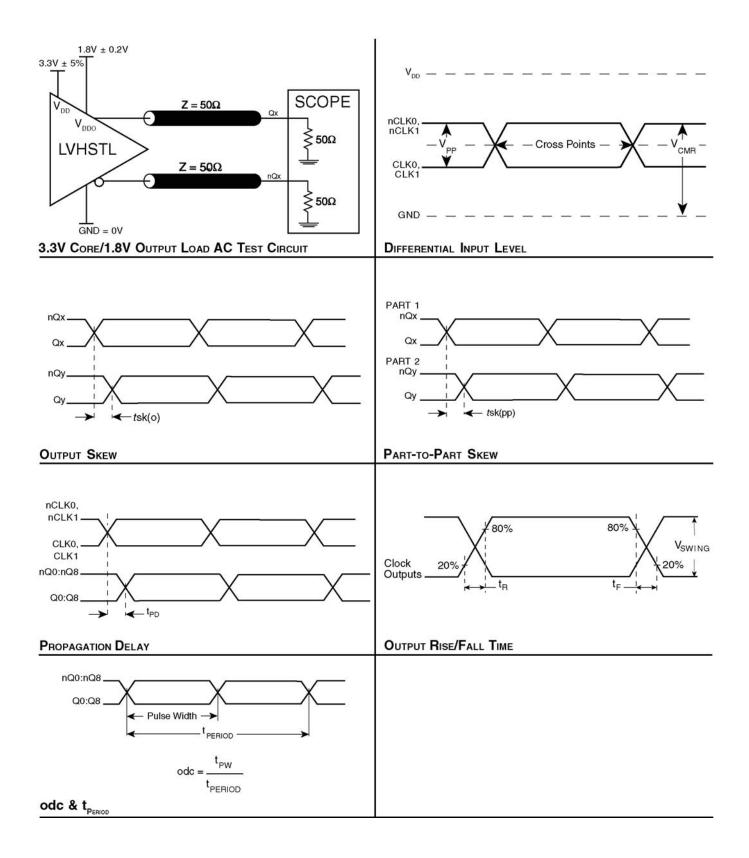
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f _{MAX}	Output Frequency				500	MHz
t _{PD}	Propagation Delay; NOTE 1		1.0		1.6	ns
tsk(o)	Output Skew; NOTE 2, 4				50	ps
tsk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 3, 4				250	ps
t _R / t _F	Output Rise/Fall Time		200		700	ps
odo		$f \le 266 MHz$	48		52	%
odc	Output Duty Cycle	$266 \text{MHz} < f \le 500 \text{MHz}$	45		55	%

NOTE 1: Measured from the differential input crossing point to the differential output crossing point. NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions.

Measured at the output differential cross points.

NOTE 3: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltages and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of inputs on each device, the outputs are measured at the differential cross points.

NOTE 4: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.



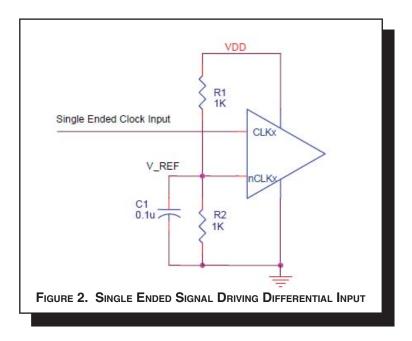
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

APPLICATION INFORMATION

WIRING THE DIFFERENTIAL INPUT TO ACCEPT SINGLE ENDED LEVELS

Figure 2 shows how the differential input can be wired to accept single ended levels. The reference voltage V_REF = $V_{DD}/2$ is generated by the bias resistors R1, R2 and C1. This bias circuit should be located as close as possible to the input pin. The ratio

of R1 and R2 might need to be adjusted to position the V_REF in the center of the input voltage swing. For example, if the input clock swing is only 2.5V and V_{DD} = 3.3V, V_REF should be 1.25V and R2/R1 = 0.609.



SCHEMATIC EXAMPLE

This application note provides general design guide using 8521-03 LVHSTL buffer. Figure 3A shows a schematic example of the 8521-03 LVHSTL Clock buffer. In this example, the input is driven by an LVHSTL driver. CLK_EN is set at logic low to select CLK0/nCLK0 input.

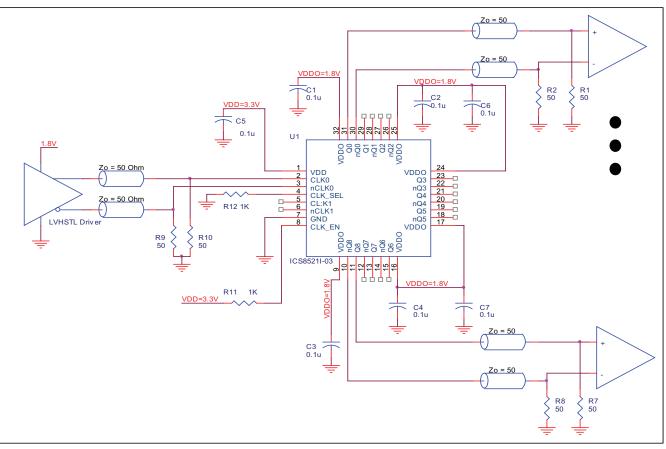


FIGURE 3A. 8521-03 SCHEMATIC EXAMPLE

POWER, GROUND AND BYPASS CAPACITOR

This section provides a layout guide related to power, ground and placement of bypass capacitors for a high-speed digital IC. This layout guide is a general recommendation. The actual board design will depend on the component types being used, the board density and cost constraints. This description assumes that the board has clean power and ground planes. The goal is to minimize the ESR between the clean power/ground plane and the IC power/ground pin. A low ESR bypass capacitor should be used on each power pin. The value of bypass capacitors ranges from 0.01uF to 0.1uF. The bypass capacitors should be located as close to the power pin as possible. It is preferable to locate the bypass capacitor on the same side as the IC. *Figure 3B* shows suggested capacitor placement. Placing the bypass capacitor on the same side as the IC allows the capacitor to have direct contact with the IC power pin. This can avoid any vias between the bypass capacitor and the IC power pins. The vias should be placed at the Power/Ground pads. There should be a minimum of one via per pin. Increasing the number of vias from the Power/Ground pads to Power/Ground planes can improve the conductivity

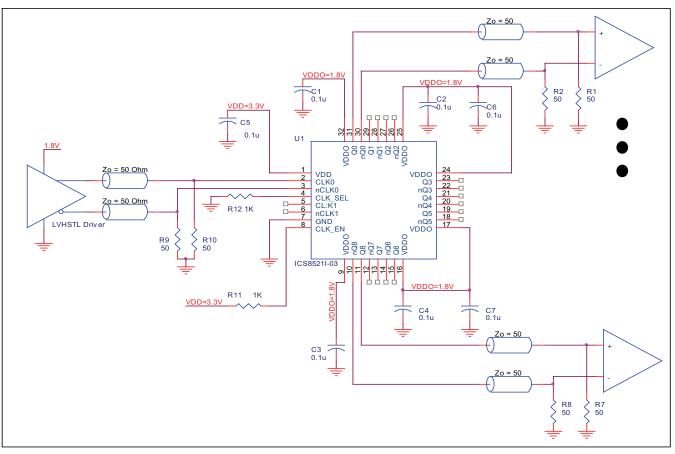


FIGURE 3B. RECOMMENDED LAYOUT OF BYPASS CAPACITOR PLACEMENT

DIFFERENTIAL CLOCK INPUT INTERFACE

The CLK /nCLK accepts LVDS, LVPECL, LVHSTL, SSTL, HCSL and other differential signals. Both V_{SWING} and V_{OH} must meet the V_{PP} and V_{CMR} input requirements. Figures 4A to 4E show interface examples for the CLK/nCLK input driven by the most common driver types. The input interfaces suggested here are

examples only. Please consult with the vendor of the driver component to confirm the driver termination requirements. For example in *Figure 4A*, the input termination applies for LVHSTL drivers. If you are using an LVHSTL driver from another vendor, use their termination recommendation.

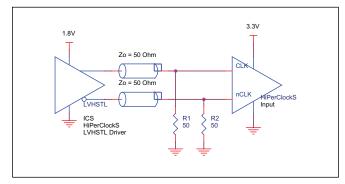


FIGURE 4A. CLK/NCLK INPUT DRIVEN BY LVHSTL DRIVER

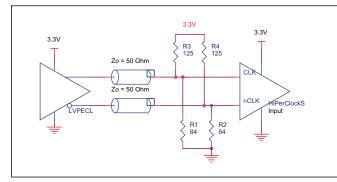


FIGURE 4C. CLK/NCLK INPUT DRIVEN BY 3.3V LVPECL DRIVER

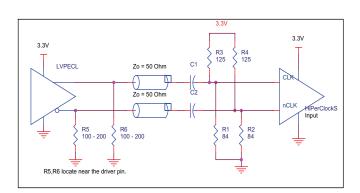


FIGURE 4E. CLK/NCLK INPUT DRIVEN BY 3.3V LVPECL DRIVER WITH AC COUPLE

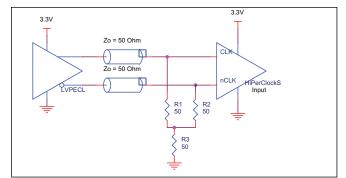


FIGURE 4B. CLK/NCLK INPUT DRIVEN BY 3.3V LVPECL DRIVER

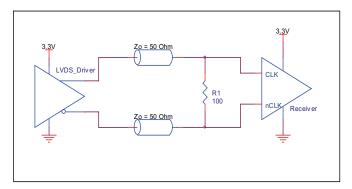


FIGURE 4D. CLK/NCLK INPUT DRIVEN BY 3.3V LVDS DRIVER

Power Considerations

This section provides information on power dissipation and junction temperature for the 8521-03. Equations and example calculations are also provided.

1. Power Dissipation.

The total power dissipation for the 8521-03 is the sum of the core power plus the power dissipated in the load(s). The following is the power dissipation for $V_{DD} = 3.3V + 5\% = 3.465V$, which gives worst case results. **NOTE:** Please refer to Section 3 for details on calculating power dissipated in the load.

- Power (core)_{MAX} = V_{DD MAX} * I_{DD MAX} = 3.465V * 95mA = 329.2mW
- Power (outputs)_{MAX} = 32.8mW/Loaded Output pair
 If all outputs are loaded, the total power is 9 * 32.8mW = 295.2mW

Total Power $_{MAX}$ (3.465V, with all outputs switching) = 329.2mW + 295.2mW = 624.4mW

2. Junction Temperature.

Junction temperature, Tj, is the temperature at the junction of the bond wire and bond pad and directly affects the reliability of the device. The maximum recommended junction temperature for the devices is 125°C.

The equation for Tj is as follows: Tj = $\theta_{JA} * Pd_{total} + T_A$

Tj = Junction Temperature

 θ_{JA} = junction-to-ambient thermal resistance

Pd_total = Total device power dissipation (example calculation is in section 1 above)

T_A = Ambient Temperature

In order to calculate junction temperature, the appropriate junction-to-ambient thermal resistance θ_{JA} must be used. Assuming a moderate air flow of 200 linear feet per minute and a multi-layer board, the appropriate value is 42.1°C/W per Table 6 below. Therefore, Tj for an ambient temperature of 85°C with all outputs switching is:

 $85^{\circ}C + 0.624W * 42.1^{\circ}C/W = 111.3^{\circ}C$. This is well below the limit of $125^{\circ}C$.

This calculation is only an example. Tj will obviously vary depending on the number of loaded outputs, supply voltage, air flow, and the type of board (single layer or multi-layer).

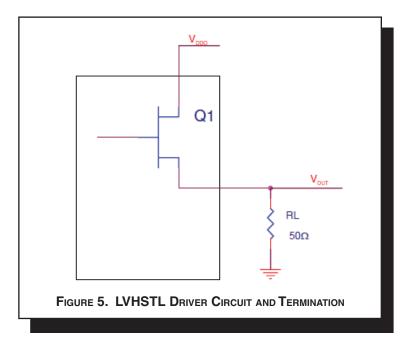
TABLE 6. THERMAL RESISTANCE θ_{JA} for 32-Pin LQFP, Forced Convection

θ_{JA} by Velocity (Linear Feet per Minute)			
	0	200	500
Single-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	67.8°C/W	55.9°C/W	50.1°C/W
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	47.9°C/W	42.1°C/W	39.4°C/W

3. Calculations and Equations.

The purpose of this section is to derive the power dissipated into the load.

LVHSTL output driver circuit and termination are shown in *Figure 5*.



To calculate worst case power dissipation into the load, use the following equations which assume a 50Ω load.

Pd_H is power dissipation when the output drives high. Pd_L is the power dissipation when the output drives low.

 $Pd_H = (V_{OH_MAX}/R_L) * (V_{DDO_MAX} - V_{OH_MAX})$ $Pd_L = (V_{OL_MAX}/R_L) * (V_{DDO_MAX} - V_{OL_MAX})$

 $Pd_H = (1.0V/50\Omega) * (2V - 1.0V) = 20mW$ $Pd_L = (0.4V/50\Omega) * (2V - 0.4V) = 12.8mW$

Total Power Dissipation per output pair = Pd_H + Pd_L = 32.8mW

RELIABILITY INFORMATION

TABLE 7. $\theta_{\text{JA}} \text{vs.}$ Air Flow Table

	0	200	500
Single-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	67.8°C/W	55.9°C/W	50.1°C/W
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	47.9°C/W	42.1°C/W	39.4°C/W

TRANSISTOR COUNT

The transistor count for 8521-03 is: 944

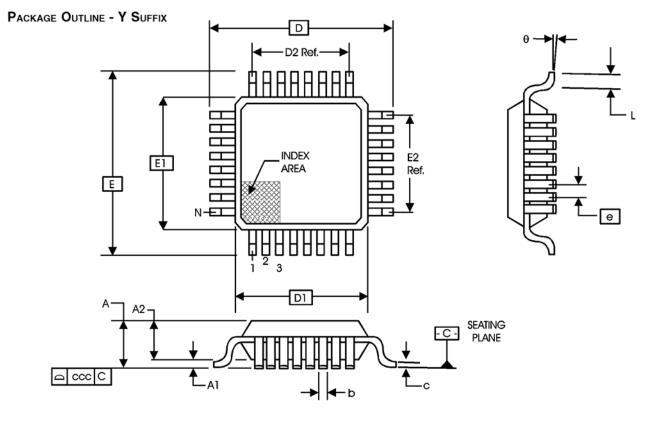


TABLE 8. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

JEDEC VARIATION ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS				
OVINDO	BBA			
SYMBOL	MINIMUM	NOMINAL	MAXIMUM	
N	32			
Α			1.60	
A1	0.05		0.15	
A2	1.35	1.40	1.45	
b	0.30	0.37	0.45	
c	0.09		0.20	
D	9.00 BASIC			
D1	7.00 BASIC			
D2	5.60 Ref.			
Е	9.00 BASIC			
E1	7.00 BASIC			
E2	5.60 Ref.			
	0.80 BASIC			
L	0.45	0.60	0.75	
θ	0°		7°	
ccc			0.10	

Reference Document: JEDEC Publication 95, MS-026

TABLE 9. ORDERING INFORMATION

Part/Order Number	Marking	Package	Shipping Packaging	Temperature
8521AYI-03LN	ICS8521AYI03N	32-Lead LQFP, Lead-Free/Annealed	tray	-40°C to 85°C
8521AYI-03LNT	ICS8521AYI03N	32-Lead LQFP, Lead-Free/Annealed	Tape and Reel	-40°C to 85°C

REVISION HISTORY SHEET					
Rev	Table	Page	Description of Change	Date	
В	Т9	15 17	Updated datasheet's header/footer with IDT from ICS. Removed ICS prefix from Part/Order Number column. Added Contact Page.	7/26/10	
В	Т9	17	Removed quantity from Tape & Reel. Added Lead-Free/Annealed.	2/25/14	
В			Product Discontinuation Notice - Last time buy expires May 6, 2017. PDN CQ-16-01	6/21/16	

We've Got Your Timing Solution



6024 Silver Creek Valley Road Sales 800-34

Sales 800-345-7015 (inside USA) +408-284-8200 (outside USA) Fax: 408-284-2775 www.IDT.com/go/contactIDT Techical Support clocks@idt.com +480-763-2056

DISCLAIMER Integrated Device Technology, Inc. (IDT) and its subsidiaries reserve the right to modify the products and/or specifications described herein at any time and at IDT's sole discretion. All information in this document, including descriptions of product features and performance, is subject to change without notice. Performance specifications and the operating parameters of the described products are determined in the independent state and are not guaranteed to perform the same way when installed in customer products. The information contained herein is provided without representation or warranty of any kind, whether express or implied, including, but not limited to, the suitability of IDT's products for any particular purpose, an implied warranty of merchantability, or non-infringement of the intellectual property rights of others. This document is presented only as a guide and does not convey any license under intellectual property rights of IDT or any third parties.

IDT's products are not intended for use in applications involving extreme environmental conditions or in life support systems or similar devices where the failure or malfunction of an IDT product can be reasonably expected to significantly affect the health or safety of users. Anyone using an IDT product in such a manner does so at their own risk, absent an express, written agreement by IDT.

Integrated Device Technology, IDT and the IDT logo are registered trademarks of IDT. Other trademarks and service marks used herein, including protected names, logos and designs, are the property of IDT or their respective third party owners.

IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

RENESAS ELECTRONICS CORPORATION AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES ("RENESAS") PROVIDES TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATASHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD-PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for developers who are designing with Renesas products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate products for your application, (2) designing, validating, and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, or other requirements. These resources are subject to change without notice. Renesas grants you permission to use these resources only to develop an application that uses Renesas products. Other reproduction or use of these resources is strictly prohibited. No license is granted to any other Renesas intellectual property or to any third-party intellectual property. Renesas disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify Renesas and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, or liabilities arising from your use of these resources. Renesas' products are provided only subject to Renesas' Terms and Conditions of Sale or other applicable terms agreed to in writing. No use of any Renesas resources expands or otherwise alters any applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for these products.

(Disclaimer Rev.1.01 Jan 2024)

Corporate Headquarters

TOYOSU FORESIA, 3-2-24 Toyosu, Koto-ku, Tokyo 135-0061, Japan www.renesas.com

Trademarks

Renesas and the Renesas logo are trademarks of Renesas Electronics Corporation. All trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Contact Information

For further information on a product, technology, the most up-to-date version of a document, or your nearest sales office, please visit <u>www.renesas.com/contact-us/</u>.